

AP Calculus BC**Section 5.4 – Fundamental Theorem of Calculus****Find $G'(x)$ if**

1.
$$G(x) = \int_1^x 2t dt$$

2.
$$G(x) = \int_x^1 3t^2 dt$$

3.
$$G(x) = \int_0^x (2t^2 + \sqrt{t}) dt$$

4.
$$G(x) = \int_0^{x^3} \cos(2t) dt$$

5.
$$G(x) = \int_3^{x^2+x} \sqrt{2t + \sin t} dt$$

6.
$$G(x) = \int_{-x}^{x^2} (t^3 - 5) dt$$

7.
$$G(x) = \int_{x^3}^5 (3t^2 - 7t + 2) dt$$

8.
$$G(x) = \int_1^{\sin x} 3t dt$$

9.
$$G(x) = \int_0^x \frac{t}{\cos t} dt$$

10.
$$G(x) = \int_0^{x^3+7x} 7 \sin t \cos t dt$$

AP Calculus BC

Section 5.4 – Fundamental Theorem of Calculus

Find $G'(x)$ if

1. $G(x) = \int_1^x 2tdt$

2. $G(x) = \int_x^1 3t^2 dt$

$G'(x) = 2x$

$G'(x) = -3x^2$

3. $G(x) = \int_0^x (2t^2 + \sqrt{t}) dt$

4. $G(x) = \int_0^{x^3} \cos(2t) dt$

$G'(x) = 2x^2 + \sqrt{x}$

$G'(x) = 3x^2 \cos 2x^3$

5. $G(x) = \int_3^{x^2+x} \sqrt{2t + \sin t} dt$

6. $G(x) = \int_{-x}^{x^2} (t^3 - 5) dt$

$G'(x) = \sqrt{2(x^2+x) + \sin(x^2+x)} (2x+1)$

$G'(x) = (x^6 - 5)(2x) + (-x^3 - 5)(4)$

$= 2x(x^6 - 5) - x^3 - 5$

7. $G(x) = \int_{x^3}^5 (3t^2 - 7t + 2) dt$

8. $G(x) = \int_1^{\sin x} 3tdt$

$G'(x) = -(3x^6 - 7x^3 + 2)(3x^2)$

$G'(x) = 3\sin x \cos x$

9. $G(x) = \int_0^x \frac{t}{\cos t} dt$

10. $G(x) = \int_0^{x^3+7x} 7 \sin t \cos t dt$

$G'(x) = \frac{x}{\cos x}$

$G'(x) = 7(3x^2 + 7) \sin(x^3 + 7x) \cos(x^3 + 7x)$